

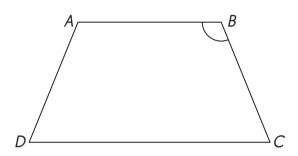


Multiple Choice

 $(5 \times 2 \text{ points} = 10 \text{ points})$

Fill in the circle next to the correct answer.

1. Name the marked angle.



Angle ABC

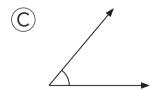
(B) Angle BCD

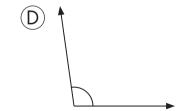
C Angle BDC

- (D) Angle ADC
- **2.** Which angle is less than 90° but more than 45°?

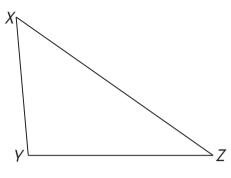








3. Use a protractor to measure angle *XYZ*.

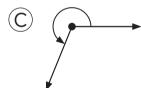


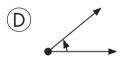
- (A) 35°
- B 50°
- (C) 90°
- (D) 95°

- **4.** Which is equal to $\frac{3}{4}$ of a complete turn?
 - (A) 90°
- (B) 180°
- © 270°
- D 360°
- **5.** Which pair of rays shows an angle between $\frac{1}{4}$ -turn and $\frac{1}{2}$ -turn?





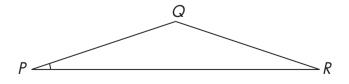




Short Answer

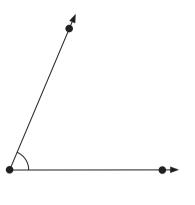
 $(5 \times 2 \text{ points} = 10 \text{ points})$

6. Name the marked angle.



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7. Use a protractor to measure the angle.

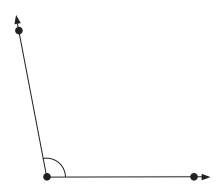


8. Use a protractor to draw an angle that measures 172°.

9. The figure shows ______ turn.



10. Use a protractor to draw an angle that measures 15° more than the given angle.

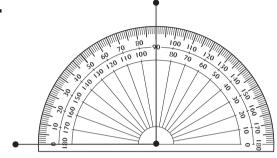


Extended Response

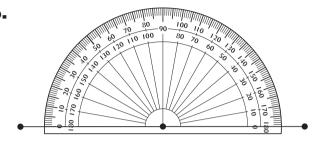
(Question 11: 4 points, Question 12: 1 point)

11. State whether the angle shown is an *acute angle, right angle, obtuse angle* or *a straight angle.*

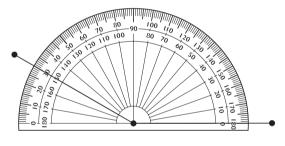
a.



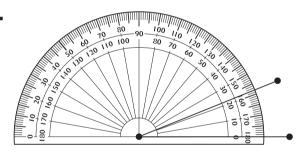
b



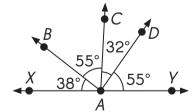
C-



d.



12. Which ray forms an angle measure of 55° with \overline{BA} ?



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